19.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Life Companies with Dominion Registration and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of British and Foreign Life Companies, by Principal Items, 1941-45—concluded.

Item	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945
EXPENDITURE	\$	\$	\$	s	\$
Canadian Companies					
Payments to policyholders	203, 939, 306 59, 413, 512 1, 412, 099 34, 698, 921	188,369,179 59,814,452 1,386,262 33,326,914	1,315,301	194,358,643 68,515,005 1,324,171 33,594,309	212,774,049 74,693,716 1,332,458 43,419,189
Totals, Canadian Companies 1	299,463,838	282,896,807	277,646,910	297,792,128	332,219,412
Excess of income over expenditure	141,827,972	159,688,812	208, 431, 072	236, 262, 368	275, 434, 964
British Companies					
Payments to policyholders	3,406,555 1,084,970 109,366	3,664,351 1,155,025 131,081	2,687,256 1,274,665 102,650	3,517,715 1,375,639 163,096	4,015,885 1,648,302 166,548
Totals, British Companies	4,600,891	4,950,457	4,064,571	5,056,450	5,830,735
Excess of income over expenditure	2,153,854	1,861,239	4,008,732	3,266,943	3,300,929
Foreign Companies					
Payments to policyholders	50,687,247 15,549,341 3,090,051	47,125,627 16,225,493 3,187,347	45,598,531 16,922,479 2,850,578	50,158,688 17,342,564 3,184,797	54,774,067 18,207,681 3,262,611
Totals, Foreign Companies	69,326,639	66,538,467	65,371,588	70,686,049	76,244,359
Excess of income over expenditure	30,094,835	39,566,598	45,577,460	47,702,287	48, 458, 725

¹ Includes expenditure on business outside of Canada.

Subsection 4.--Life Insurance Effected through Fraternal Benefit Societies

In addition to life insurance, some fraternal benefit societies grant other insurance benefits to members, notably sickness benefits, but these are relatively unimportant. Table 20 gives statistics of life insurance effected with fraternal benefit societies by Canadian members, together with statistics of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure relating to the whole business of Canadian societies and to the business in Canada of foreign societies. The rates charged by these societies are computed to be sufficient to provide the benefits granted, having regard for actuarial principles. The benefit funds of each society must be valued annually by a qualified actuary (Fellow, by examination, of the Institute of Actuaries, London; of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland; of the Actuarial Society of America; or of the American Institute of Actuaries) and, unless the actuary certifies to the solvency of each fund, a readjustment of rates or benefits must be made. The statistics in the first part of this table relate to the 16 Canadian societies reporting to the Insurance Department of the Federal Government, only one of which does not grant life insurance benefits.

Under an amendment to the Insurance Act, effective Jan. 1, 1920, all foreign fraternal benefit societies were required to obtain Dominion authority precedent to transacting business in Canada. However, any such societies which at that date were transacting business under provincial licences, while forbidden to accept new